

Colgate Parish Council LGPS Employer Discretions Policy. Adopted 2017

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Aim

The Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) is a statutory scheme. The rules and regulations governing the scheme are laid down under Act of Parliament.

There are some provisions of the Scheme that are discretionary. Discretionary powers allow employers such as Colgate Parish Council to choose how, or if, they apply certain provisions.

This document aims to summarise the discretions Colgate Parish Council exercises as an employer in relation to the Local Government Pension Scheme and has been updated to reflect the new regulations from 1st April 2014 and as amended.

Scope

This policy applies to all employees of Colgate Parish Council who are in, or are eligible to join, or have been a member of the Local Government Pension Scheme.

Policy Provisions

The discretions have been grouped under the following headings:

- [Joining Colgate Parish Council.](#)
- [During your employment with Colgate Parish Council.](#)
- [Leaving your employment with Colgate Parish Council.](#)
- [Adjustments to your pension rights following ill health.](#)
- [Early payment of deferred benefits.](#)
- [Internal LGPS Dispute Resolution.](#)
- [Loss of pension rights as a result of a fraudulent offence or grave misconduct.](#)
- [Re-employment with Colgate Parish Council.](#)
- [Following your death.](#)

All pension discretions will be reviewed at least on a 4 yearly basis, or as and when circumstances change.

Joining Colgate Parish Council

How much will it cost?

(Determination of Pension Contributions - Regulation 9(2) & 9(3) & 9(4) & A55 (9) of the LGPS regulations 2013)

You will pay between 5.5% and 12.5% of your actual pay which may include overtime. The rate you pay depends on the band you fall into.

Assessment of pay bandings normally takes place on an annual basis each April. Your pension contributions will however be reassessed during the course of the year if you have a change in employment, or where a material change which affects your pensionable pay takes place. If your contribution rate changes as a result, your contributions will be adjusted at the point at which the change occurs.

Contributions – how much will it cost?

When will my pension contributions be deducted?

(Deduction of contributions from a member's pay -Regulation 85 (1) of the LGPS regulations 2013)

They will be collected from pay on your regular pay day.

What elements of my pay are pensionable?

(Determination of elements of pay on which pension contributions should be assessed - Regulation 20 (1) (a) & (b) of the LGPS regulations 2013)

Pension contributions must be paid on all the salary, wages, fees and other payments you receive as an LGPS member and any benefit specified in your contract of employment as being pensionable.

Any element of pay that is being paid to you and complies with the definitions as described in the LGPS 2013 Regulations listed above including non-contractual overtime will be regarded as pensionable. Certain payments such as travel and subsistence expenses and pay in lieu of notice are excluded from this.

Only sums that are liable for income tax may be specified as pensionable. Your payslip will show which elements of your pay are pensionable with the letter (P).

What happens if my pay is reduced or I go on unpaid leave?

(Whether a lump sum payment made in the previous 12 months is determined as a 'regular lump sum' for purposes of Assumed Pensionable Pay – Regulation 21(5) of the LGPS regulations 2013)

If you have a period of reduced contractual pay or no pay due to sickness or injury or you have a period of relevant child related leave (e.g. maternity/paternity/adoption leave) or reserve forces service leave, Colgate Parish Council needs to provide the pension fund with the "assumed pensionable pay" you would have received during that time. We will calculate what your pay would have been for the period when you were on reduced contractual pay or no pay.

The assumed pensionable pay is calculated as the average of the pensionable pay you received for the 3 months before the pay period in which you went on to reduced pay or no pay. This figure is then grossed up to an annual figure and then divided by the period of time you were on reduced pay or no pay.

If you received a lump sum payment which was pensionable within the 3-month period mentioned above, Colgate Parish Council will decide whether or not this should be included in the assessment of your assumed pensionable pay. Each

case will be assessed on its merits to ensure that your assumed pensionable pay for the period concerned is not more than you would have received had you not had a period of absence.

Can I combine my previous pension benefits to my current period of scheme membership?

(Extension of period for scheme member to elect to un-aggregate former deferred Benefits -Regulation 22 (7)(b) and 22 (8)(b) and of the LGPS regulations 2013)

If you have previous LGPS pension benefits (deferred benefits), when you re-join the LGPS you have 12 months from re-joining to ask to keep your deferred benefits separate from your new pensions account. If you do not ask to keep your deferred benefits separate, your benefits will be automatically joined with the benefits in your new pensions account (or, where the deferred benefits arose from the ending of another job you in which you were working in addition to your current job, your pension benefits will automatically be joined with the pension account from your on-going job).

Colgate Parish Council will consider an extension to the time limit on a case by case basis if it is clear that you were unable to meet the normal time period due to circumstances beyond your control.

Can I transfer my previous pension into the LGPS?

(Extension of period for a scheme member to elect to transfer previous pension rights- Regulation 100 (6) of the LGPS regulations 2013)

You are allowed to transfer previous pension into the LGPS. Your request to move them must be made within 12 months of starting scheme membership.

Colgate Parish Council will consider an extension on a case by case basis if it is clear that you were unable to meet the normal time period due to circumstances beyond your control.

During your employment with Colgate Parish Council

Does Colgate Parish Council have a shared cost Additional Voluntary Contribution (AVC) arrangement?

(Establishment of a Shared Cost AVC (SCAVC) facility -Regulation 17(1) of the LGPS regulations 2013)

No, a shared cost AVC scheme is where a Council contributes AVCs as well as yourself. Colgate Parish Council does not intend to exercise this discretion.

Colgate Parish Council does operate a non-shared AVC scheme where you can invest money through an AVC provider, often an insurance company or building society. AVCs are deducted directly from your pay and attract tax relief.

Non-shared AVC scheme

Does Colgate Parish Council have a shared cost Additional Pension Contribution (APC) arrangement?

(Establishment of a Shared Cost APC (SCAPC) facility – Regulation 16(2)(e) & (4)(d) of the LGPS regulations 2013)

No, a shared cost APC scheme is where a Council contributes APCs as well as yourself, when you have chosen to pay additional monies to increase your pension benefits. Colgate Parish Council does not intend to exercise this discretion.

The LGPS operates an APC scheme where you can purchase extra pension for your retirement (but Colgate Parish Council will not share the cost of this). If you are in the main section of the scheme, you can pay more in contributions to purchase up to £6,675 of extra pension. Any extra pension you purchase is payable each year in retirement and is payable on top of your normal LGPS benefits.

Any extra regular contributions are taken from your pay, which you will receive tax relief on.

You can also pay APCs by a one off lump sum.

Can I pay contributions following an authorised leave of absence on reduced or no pay?

(Extension of period for a scheme member to elect to pay for 'lost pension' where the employer contributes two thirds of the cost in respect of a period of absence -Regulation 16(16) of the LGPS regulations 2013)

You can choose to pay Additional Pension Contributions (APC's) to purchase the amount of pension lost during a period of unpaid absence (up to a maximum of 36 months) and keep your full benefits in respect of the period you have paid. You can choose to do this at any point that you are contributing to the pension scheme.

If you chose to purchase the amount of 'lost' pension and make the election within 30 days of returning to work the cost of the APC is split between you and Colgate Parish Council. You will pay one third of the cost and Colgate Parish Council will pay the rest. The 30 day limit may be extended if it is clear that you were unable to meet the normal time period due to circumstances beyond your control.

You can request an extension from Colgate Parish Council who will consider each request on a case by case basis. If the extension is approved they will forward your request together with their agreement to pension services.

What happens if I have an industrial injury?

(Local Government (Discretionary Payments) (Injury Allowances) Regulations, Regulation 3 (Reduction in Remuneration), 4 (Loss of employment through permanent incapacity), 6 (Allowances for pensioners), 7 (Death benefits) and 8 (Considerations in determining amount of allowances) 2011)

If you have an industrial injury during the course of your work and suffer a (temporary) reduction in pay or loss of employment through permanent incapacity you may be entitled to receive an industrial injury allowance. Each case will be

looked at on a case by case basis. You do not have to be a member of the LGPS to receive the allowance.

Colgate Parish Council does not intend to exercise the above discretion in the event you die as a result of an injury or disease sustained during employment. However if you die in service and are a member of the Local Government Pension Scheme, the LGPS ensures that your family is supported. It provides:

- a lump sum death grant of three years pay, no matter how long you have been a member of the LGPS, provided you are under 75 at the date of death. For part-time employees, it is three times your actual part-time pay;
- an ongoing pension for your husband, wife, civil partner or nominated co-habiting partner. This increases every year in line with the cost of living and is payable for the rest of their life; and
- children's pensions for your eligible children. These increase every year in line with the cost of living.

If you sustain a bodily injury during the course of your work which results in death, an amount of money or benefit may be payable to you under the West Sussex County Council Personal Accident Insurance. Further information can be found in the Insurance Guide on the intranet.

Leaving your employment with Colgate Parish Council

Can I receive a refund of my contributions?

(Contribution Equivalent Premium (CEP) in excess of the Certified Amount (CA) recovered from a refund of contributions can be recovered from the Pension Fund – Regulation 92 of the LGPS Regulations 1997 and Regulation A49(1) & (2) of the Administration Regulations 2007)

If you are entitled under the scheme to receive a refund of contributions, this will be subject to deduction of fund tax and a Contribution Equivalent Premium (CEP) which is the payment to reinstate you into the state scheme as if you had never paid into the LGPS.

This is due to you paying a lower rate of tax and National Insurance contributions whilst paying into the LGPS.

Can I convert scheme AVC's into membership credit?

(Regulation 15(1) (b) of the LGPS (Transitional Provisions and Savings) Regulations 2014 and Regulation 66(9) (b) of the 1997 Regulations)

In certain circumstances you can use your AVC fund to buy membership in the pension scheme. An application should be made within 30 days of leaving. However Colgate Parish Council will consider an extension on a case by case basis if it is clear there was no fault on your part for not being able to meet the normal time period.

Can I request to take partial/flexible retirement?

(Whether all or some benefits can be paid if an employee reduces their hours or grade Regulation 30(6) of the LGPS Regulations 2013 and Regulation 11(2) of the (Transitional Provisions and Savings) Regulations 2014 and Flexible retirement and waiving of any actuarial reduction - Regulation 30(8) of the LGPS Regulations 2013)

You can request to take partial/flexible retirement. Colgate Parish Council will consider your request on a case by case basis.. Partial/flexible retirement lets you continue working on a reduced hours, or reduced grade basis and, depending on when your membership of the LGPS commenced, draw all, part or none of your accrued pension benefits subject to certain qualifying criteria.

To be eligible to make a request for Flexible Retirement under the LGPS regulations, you must:

- Be actively making contributions to the LGPS.
- Be aged 55 or over.
- Have two years or more membership in the local government pension scheme.
- Be taking at least a 20% reduction in your hours and/or your salary.

Flexible Retirement will have a cost attached to it and a business case must be made setting out the reason for supporting the flexible retirement

Can I retire early without my employers consent?

(Whether to 'switch on' the 85 Year Rule for a member voluntarily drawing benefits on or after age 55 and before age 60- Schedule 2, para 2(2) of the (Transitional Provisions and Savings) Regulations 2014) and Whether to waive, on compassionate grounds, the actuarial reduction applied to benefits pre 1st April 2014 membership where the employer has 'switched-on' the 85 Year Rule – Schedule 2, para 2(3).

Yes. The scheme now allows you to retire from age 55 without the need for Colgate Parish Council's consent. However if you retire between 55 and 60 and had protection under what is called the "85 year rule" (i.e. if you add your age and length of service in whole years and this equates to 85) this will not automatically apply in full and your benefits might therefore be subject to actuarial reduction as you will be receiving them earlier than you would have done. The regulations allow Colgate Parish Council as your employer to 'switch on' the 85 year rule. Your benefits may still be subject to an actuarial reduction, however it may be less than if the 85 year rule was not 'switched on'.

As Colgate Parish Council would have to meet the cost of 'switching on' the 85 year rule if you chose to retire between age 55 and 60, it will only consider doing so if there are exceptional or compassionate grounds for doing so.

If Colgate Parish Council chooses to switch on the 85 year rule in your case it then has the discretion on compassionate grounds (as defined in the new regulations) to waive the pre 1st April 2014 reduction.

Will my pension be reduced if I receive my pension benefits early?

(Whether to waive, in whole or part, actuarial reduction on benefits which a member voluntarily draws before normal pension age – Regulation 30(8) of the LGPS Regulations 2013)

Yes. Colgate Parish Council does not normally agree to waive the costs of your actuarial reduction, and your pension and lump sum will therefore be reduced as you will be receiving your pension earlier than you would have done.

However, there may be exceptional or compassionate grounds that may justify Colgate Parish Council waiving the actuarial reduction. Where this is the case, the grounds for doing so must be included in the business case for the early release of pension and is subject to the relevant approval processes.

Colgate Parish Council will treat each case fairly based on the circumstances and merits of the case.

If I am made redundant what payments will I be entitled to?

Regulation 5, 6 – Discretion under the local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Payments) (England & Wales) Regulations 2006

If you are made redundant aged 55 and over, and have at least two years' service you will be entitled to receive immediate payment of your LGPS retirement benefits. These benefits will be made without reduction. If you are aged below 55 when you are made redundant, you cannot receive the immediate payment of your LGPS benefits. They will instead be deferred and will be increased annually in line with the cost of living increase and will become payable from your scheme's normal retirement age (State Retirement Age with a minimum age of 65).

Regardless of your age, Colgate Parish provides an enhanced redundancy payment, to compensate you for loss of earnings if you have two or more years' continuous service (as defined by the Redundancy Payments Modification Order).

What happens if my lump sum compensation payment is incorrect?

(Power to enable employers to decide the steps taken to recover overpayments on lump sum compensation - Regulation 8 Early Terminations of Employment (Discretionary Compensation) Regulations 2006)

If Colgate Parish Council makes an over, or underpayment of your lump sum compensation, we will let you know. If an underpayment has been made immediate steps will be taken to make the appropriate payment. Colgate Parish will also seek to recover any overpayment. In the case of an overpayment Colgate Parish Council will consider a reasonable time limit for the overpayment to be repaid.

If I have a drop in pay is my pension protected?

(Issue a certificate of protection of pension benefits where eligible non-councillor member fails to apply for one (drop in pay/restrictions occurring pre 1st April 2008 – Regulation 23(4) of the LGPS 1997 Regulations)

Your final year's pay when you leave the LGPS will still be used to work out your benefits built up before 1 April 2014. This means that any future pay increases will be included in the final pay used to work out these benefits.

The definition of final pay for benefits built up before April 2014 remains the same as it was before the Scheme changed. Your final pay is normally the pay in respect of your final year of scheme membership on which you paid contributions, or one of the previous 2 years if this is higher. This remains so from April 2014.

In addition if your pay is reduced, or increases to your pay are restricted in your last 10 years of continuous employment with us, you continue to have the option to have all your pre April 2014 membership based on the average of any 3 consecutive years' pay in the last 13 years (ending on a 31 March).

If you have a certificate of protection which was issued by us for a reduction or restriction in pay beyond your control before 1 April 2008 and you leave the LGPS within 10 years of the reduction or restriction, then this protection continues to apply after April 2014 for benefits built up in the final salary scheme.

If you failed to apply for a certificate of protection but have subsequently realised that you should have done so, Colgate Parish Council will consider issuing a certificate of protection on a case by case basis if it is clear that you were unable to apply at the time due to circumstances beyond your control.

Adjustments to your pension following ill health

If your employment is being terminated for reasons of ill health and you are in the pension scheme, Colgate Parish Council must decide whether or not you are entitled to an ill health retirement pension. To help us decide this we need to obtain a certificate from an independent registered medical practitioner who will assess whether "as a result of "ill health or infirmity of mind or body", you are permanently incapable of "discharging efficiently the duties of the employment you were engaged in" and, if so, whether you are not "as a result of ill health or infirmity of mind or body", immediately capable of undertaking any "gainful employment" (see definition below).

The LGPS has 3 tiers of ill-health provision.

- **Tier 1:** If you are unlikely to be capable of undertaking gainful employment before your Normal Pension Age. (State Retirement Age with a minimum age of 65)
- **Tier 2:** A) If you are not entitled to Tier 1 benefits. B) are unlikely to be capable of undertaking any gainful employment within three years of leaving your employment; but c) are likely to be able to undertake gainful employment before reaching Normal Pension Age.
- **Tier 3:** If you are likely to be capable of undertaking gainful employment within three years of leaving their employment, or before Normal Pension Age.

The following discretions relate to the LGPS ill-health provisions.

What happens if I am able to work again or the medical advisor deems me fit to work?

(Determine whether a person in receipt of a Tier 3 ill health pension has started gainful employment - Regulation 37(3) & (4) of the LGPS Regulations 2013 and Recovery of payments following commencement of gainful employment - Regulation 37(3) of the LGPS Regulations 2013)

If you have received an award under tier 3 Colgate Parish Council has to review your award after 18 months. Colgate Parish Council cannot continue to pay you a

tier 3 award for more than 3 years, (provided you are not in "gainful employment", or considered capable of undertaking such employment).

You must inform Colgate Parish Council immediately if you obtain 'gainful employment' at any time between your tier 3 ill health pension award commencing and the expiry of the three years.

For the purposes of a tier 3 award, "gainful employment" is considered to be paid employment for at least 30 hours each week for a contract period of at least 12 months.

As part of a review of a tier 3 ill health award, Colgate Parish Council may cease payment of the award from the date you gain obtained gainful employment, or were considered by an independent medical adviser as capable of undertaking gainful employment.

Additionally if you are still receiving your tier 3 ill health pension after you have obtained gainful employment, or where a medical advisor has determined you as capable of undertaking gainful employment, Colgate Parish Council will seek to recover any overpayment made to you.

What if my condition has not improved or has deteriorated?

(Determine whether a person in receipt of Tier 3 ill health pension following review is unlikely to be capable of undertaking gainful employment before normal pension age because of ill health – Regulation 38(3) of the LGPS Regulations 2013)

If you are have a tier 3 ill health pension and your condition has not improved, or has deteriorated, Colgate Parish Council will decide whether you have an entitlement to a tier 2 ill health pension. A decision to convert your tier three award to a tier two award can be taken at any time and must be no later than 3 years of the date that payment of your benefits under tier 3 has stopped, or before you reach your normal retirement age.

Can I receive my pension benefit early?

(Determine whether a tier 3 member is permanently incapable of undertaking any gainful employment - B31(7) of the Benefits Regulations 2007 and Choice of payment of pension: pensioner member with deferred benefits-B30A(3) of the Benefits Regulations 2007 and Whether to waive, on compassionate grounds, the actuarial reduction applied to benefits paid under B30A – Regulation B30A (5) of the Benefit Regulations 2007)

This only applies if you stopped paying into the pension scheme on or after 1st April 2008 but before 1st April 2014.

If your tier 3 ill health pension has been stopped you can ask to receive payment of your benefits on or after age 55. As there is a cost associated with the early payment of your pension the Colgate Parish Council will not normally agree to the early payment of your pension, unless on compassionate grounds.

Colgate Parish Council may choose to waive, on compassionate grounds, the actuarial reduction applied to benefits payable where your tier 3 ill health pension was stopped, and you have applied for early access and your request has been approved.

Each case will be considered fairly based on its circumstances and merits and is subject to approval by Colgate Parish Council.

Early payment of Deferred Benefits

Can I receive my deferred pension early?

(Whether to grant pre 1st April 1998 leavers early payment of their deferred benefits on or after age 50 on compassionate grounds – Regulation D11(2)(C) of the LGPS Regulations 1995) and Regulation 31(2) of the LGPS Regulations 1997 and (Whether to grant application for early payment of deferred benefits on or after age 55 and before age 60 – Regulation 30(2) & (5) of the Benefit Regulations 2007 and 30(8) of the LGPS Regulations 2013)

Pre 31st March 2014 leavers

Colgate Parish Council will not automatically agree to bring your deferred benefits into pay early, unless there are exceptional or compassionate grounds for doing so.

Each case will be considered fairly by Colgate Parish Council based on the circumstances and merits of the case.

If Colgate Parish Council agrees to early payment of your deferred benefits under the LGPS Regulations 1995 and 1997, you should note that this will only be from age 55 or date of application (if later than 55), as you and Colgate Parish Council would otherwise have to pay unauthorised payment charges under the Finance Act 2006 for any payment made before the minimum pension age of 55.

Post 31st March 2014 leavers

Your deferred benefits are normally payable from your normal retirement age which is linked to your state retirement age, with a minimum age of 65.

You can choose to take early payment of your deferred benefits from age 55 without your former employer's consent. However you must be aware that your benefits will normally be reduced to take into account early payment.

Colgate Parish Council may choose to waive, on compassionate grounds, the actuarial reduction applied to benefits payable.

Each case will be considered fairly based on the circumstances and merits of the case and is subject to approval by Colgate Parish Council.

Can I receive my deferred pension early due to my poor health?

(Decide whether a deferred beneficiary meets permanent ill health and reduced likelihood of gainful employment criteria – Regulation 31(4) of the Benefits Regulations 2007 and 38(3) of the LGPS Regulations 2013)

Colgate Parish Council will decide whether or not you can receive your deferred pension early. To help make this decision it will be necessary to obtain a certificate from an independent registered medical practitioner to determine:

Pre 31st March 2014 leavers

- Whether you are suffering from a condition that renders you “permanently incapable of discharging efficiently the duties of the relevant employment because of ill-health or infirmity of mind or body”.

and, if so,

- Whether as a result of that condition you have “a reduced likelihood of being capable of undertaking any gainful employment” before reaching normal retirement age, or for at least three years, whichever is the sooner.

Post 31st March 2014 leavers

- Whether you are suffering from a condition that renders you “permanently incapable of discharging efficiently the duties of their former employment because of ill-health or infirmity of mind or body”.

and, if so,

- Whether as a result of that condition you are “unlikely to be capable of undertaking any gainful employment “before reaching normal pension age, or for at least three years, whichever is the sooner.

Internal LGPS Dispute Resolution

What do I do if I don't agree with a decision that has been made regarding my pension?

(Decide procedure to be followed by adjudicator when exercising stage one IDRP functions – Regulation 74(4) of the LGPS Regulations 2013) (Whether to extend six month period to lodge stage on IDRP appeal – Regulation 74(6) of the LGPS Regulations 2013)

If Colgate Parish Council have taken a decision in relation to your membership of the LGPS which you are not satisfied with you have the right to appeal. Similarly, if you believe that Colgate Parish Council should have taken a decision in relation to your membership of the scheme and that our failure to do so means that you have been adversely affected, you have the right to appeal.

Any appeal made will be treated seriously, and considered thoroughly and fairly.

Loss of pension rights as a result of a fraudulent offence of grave misconduct

Is my pension benefit affected if I leave employment due to a fraudulent offence or grave misconduct?

(Payment of a refund of contributions in misconduct cases and Forfeiture of pension rights as a result of offences or misconduct – Regulation 88(2), 111(2) & (5), 112(1), 113(2), 115(2) & (3) of the LGPS 1997 Regulations and Regulation A47(2), A72(1) (3), A73(1) (2), A74(2), A76 (2) (3) of the Administrations Regulations 2008 and – Regulation 19(2), 91(1) (4) (8), 92(1) (2), 93(2), 95 of the LGPS 2013 Regulations)

If you leave your employment with Colgate Parish Council due to a fraudulent offence, grave misconduct, negligence, or any work related criminal offence that results in financial loss to Colgate Parish Council, Colgate Parish Council will, in exceptional circumstances, seek to reduce the value of your pension benefits commensurate with the offence.

There is no automatic entitlement to a refund on your pension contributions, if you leave your employment with less than 3 month's scheme membership, as a result of a fraudulent offence or grave misconduct and Colgate Parish Council would seek to withhold any such amount where considered appropriate.

Each case will be considered by Colgate Parish Council with appropriate external advice.

Re-employment with Colgate Parish Council

Do I still receive my annual compensation if I am re-employed by Colgate Parish Council?

(Reduction of annual compensation on re-employment "abatement"-Regulation 17 Early Terminations of Employment (Discretionary Compensation) Regulations 2000)

Your annual compensation may be adjusted or suspended throughout your re-employment with Colgate Parish Council. This is to make sure that you are not receiving any more than the value of pay you would have received when you left your former employment.

If I received added year's compensation will this be affected if I am re-employed by Colgate Parish Council?

(Reduction of added years due to re-employment -Regulation 19 Early Terminations of Employment (Discretionary Compensation) Regulations 2000)

When your re-employment ends, your compensatory added years will be adjusted in order that the value of any LGPS pension you are in receipt of, together with your annual compensation, does not exceed what you may have expected to receive as a benefit had you remained in continuous employment with the County Council to age 65.

Following your death

If I received compensatory added years how will my surviving spouse's compensatory added years be paid?

(Joint entitlement to spouse's compensation (polygamous marriages). Regulation 21(4) Early Termination of Employment (Discretionary Compensation) Regulations 2000.

Surviving spouses or civil partners annual compensation payments will be split on an equal share basis in the event that you are survived by more than one spouse or civil partner.

Will my spouse receive annual compensation on re-marriage or cohabitation?

Suspension of spouse's compensation during a period of remarriage or Cohabitation. Regulation 21(5) & (7) Early Termination of Employment (Discretionary Compensation) Regulations 2000.

Colgate Parish Council will continue payment of a spouse's compensation to existing pensioners, as well as to new pensioners, who remarry or cohabit after 31st March 1998.

How will my children's compensation payment pension be paid?

(Payment and apportionment of children's compensation -Regulation 25(2) Early Termination of Employment (Discretionary Compensation) Regulations 2000.)

Eligible children's annual compensation payments will be paid on an equal share basis.

Approved by: Colgate Parish Council June 2024